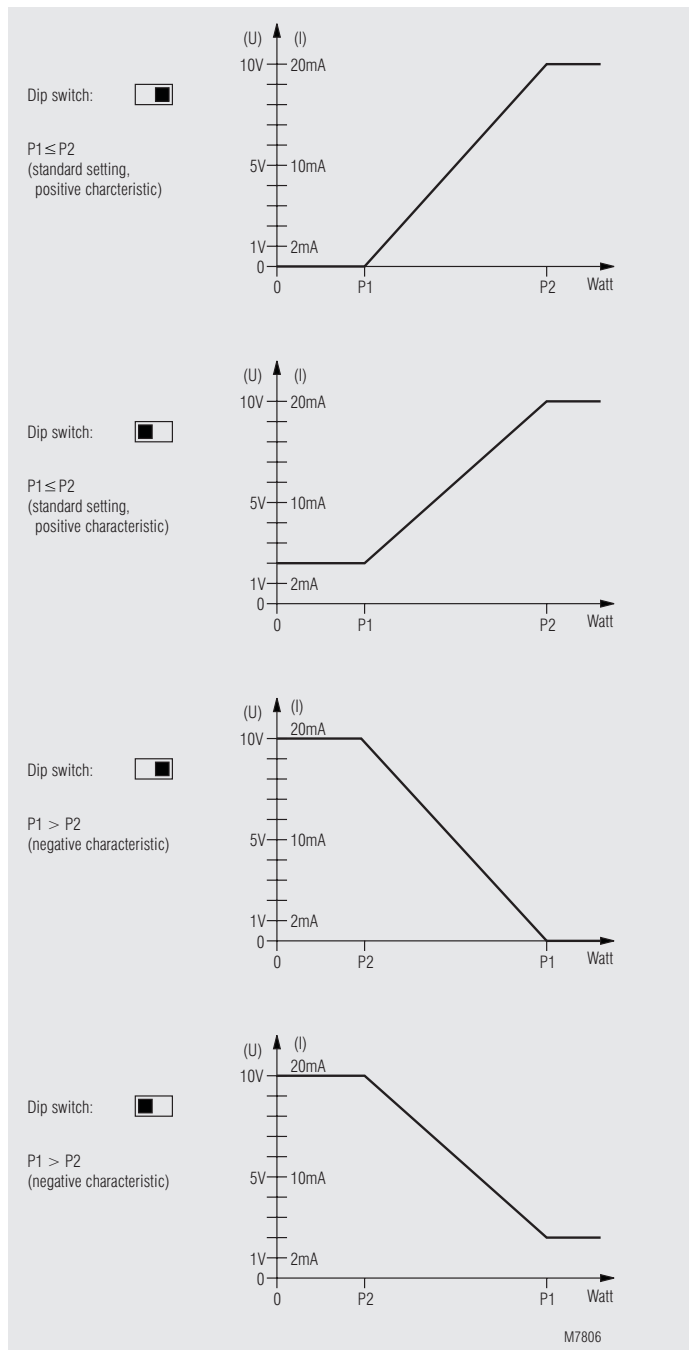




- According to IEC/EN 60 255, DIN VDE 0435-303
- As load depending output signals are available
 - 0 ... 20 mA and 0 ... 10 V or
 - 4 ... 20 mA and 2 ... 10 V
- Measures effective load
- Adjustment of P_1 and P_2 on absolute scale
- For motors up to 22 kW / 400 V bzw. 37 kW / 690 V
- Adjustable start up delay t_a
- Up to 40 A without external current transformer
- As option for single phase loads
- LED indicators
- Width 45 mm

Load Characteristics

4 different types of load characteristics can be selected via P_1 , P_2 and a DIP switch.



Approvals and Marking



Application

The motor load transmitter is suitable to monitor motors with variable load.

Function

The motor load transmitter BH9098 monitors the effective load of motors and balanced three phase and single phase systems. Due to the single phase current measuring system, the unit assumes the load is balanced on all phases, as is the norm for motors. The power consumption of the load is continuously monitored and converted into a standard dc current or voltage signal. Two pairs of rotary switches, P_1 and P_2 set the lower and upper end of the measured range in Watts. When the monitored load is between these set values a proportional output signal is produced. If the monitored load is outside the set range the output signal will remain at minimum or maximum.

Indicators

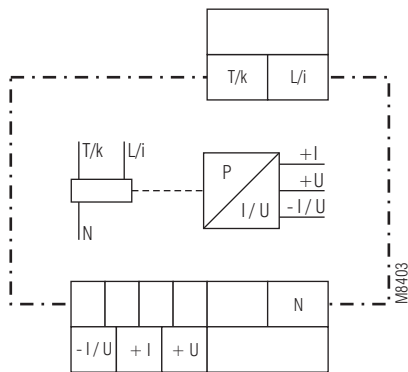
green LED, U_N : flashing: start up delay t_a
Continuous light: voltage connected

Failure Indication

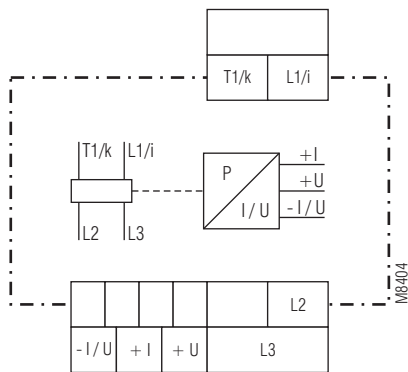
Two different failure states are displayed by LEDs.

- 1.) No measuring voltage:**
If the measuring voltage is missing, measurement is not possible.
 - The LED flashes fast in intervals.
 - The output signals are on min. value.
- 2.) Reverse power:**
The calculated power value is negative.
 - The LED flashes fast.
 - The output signals are on min. value.
 Possible reason:
The unit detects reverse power or the current connections are inverted.

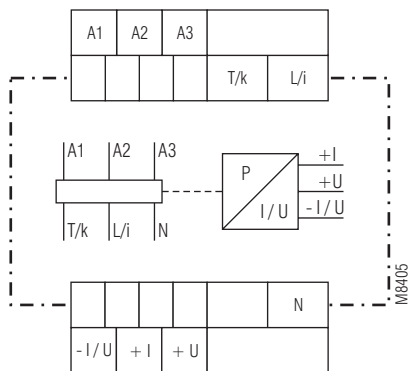
Circuit Diagrams



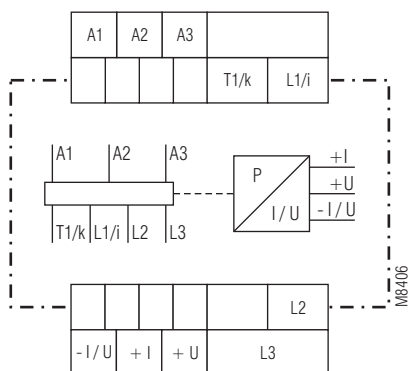
BH 9098.90



BH 9098.90/001

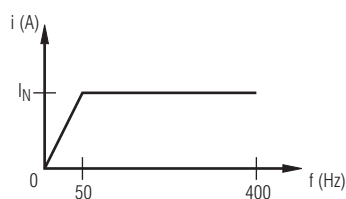


BH 9098.90/010



BH 9098.90/011

Characteristics



M7953

Max. input current curve in relation to input frequency

Technical Data

Input

Measuring voltage

Voltage range: without auxiliary voltage $0.8 \dots 1.1 \times U_N$
with auxiliary voltage, see setting ranges

Input resistance:

Measured current

Measuring range: see setting ranges

Rated current [A]	40	24	8	2.4	0.8	0.24
Permissible current range (overload) [A]						
continuously:	0 ... 40	0 ... 40	0 ... 16	0 ... 8	0 ... 4	0 ... 1
1 min. (10 min. break):	150	150	20	16	3	1,5
20 s (10 min. break):	200	200	25	20	4	2
Input resistance of current i-k [mΩ]:	≤ 1	≤ 1	7	14	150	500

Frequency range: 10 ... 400 Hz (see characteristics M7953)

Setting Ranges

P₁ and P₂ on absolute scale:

Upper Switch

load range

for P₁ and P₂:

lower range



upper range



Measuring accuracy

(in % at nominal load):

± 5 %

Harmonic distortion:

< 40 %

Start-up delay t_a:

0 ... 30 s (infinitely variable)

Analogue Output for Current 0 / +I

Galvanically isolated

to measuring input and auxiliary voltage:

4 kV eff.

Output current:

DC 0 ... 20 mA

DC 4 ... 20 mA

(selectable via DIP switch)

Output impedance (Load):

max. 500 Ω

Analogue Output for Voltage 0 / +U

Galvanically isolated

to measuring input and auxiliary voltage:

4 kV eff.

Output voltage:

DC 0 ... 10 V

DC 2 ... 10 V

(selectable via DIP switch)

Output impedance (Load):

min. 5000 Ω

Setting Ranges

Available variants	Measuring voltage U _N	Measuring current I _N [A]	selection of load range resistive
1-phase			
without auxiliary voltage			
BH 9098.90/000	AC 230 V	0.0024 ... 0.24	0.1 ... 60 W
	AC 230 V	0.024 ... 2.4	1 ... 600 W
	AC 230 V	0.24 ... 24	10 ... 6000 W
with auxiliary voltage			
BH 9098.90/010	AC 35...250 V	0.0024 ... 0.24	0.1 ... 60 W
	AC 35...250 V	0.024 ... 2.4	1 ... 600 W
	AC 35...250 V	0.24 ... 24	10 ... 6000 W
3-phase			
without auxiliary voltage			
BH 9098.90/001	3 AC 400 V	0.008 ... 0,8	0.1 ... 60 W
	3 AC 400 V	0.08 ... 8	10 ... 6000 W
	3 AC 400 V	0.4 ... 40	0.1 ... 30 kW
with auxiliary voltage			
BH 9098.90/011	3 AC 60 ... 440 V	0.008 ... 0.8	1 ... 600 W
	3 AC 60 ... 440 V	0.08 ... 8	10 ... 6000 W
	3 AC 100 ... 760 V	0.4 ... 40	0.1 ... 52 kW

Technical Data

Auxiliary Circuit

Auxiliary voltage U_H

only for BH 9098.90/010 and BH 9098.90/011:

AC 110 V (terminals A 1 - A 2),
AC 230 V (terminals A 1 - A 3),
DC 24 V

Voltage range:

0.8 ... 1.1 U_H

Frequency range of U_H :

45 ... 400 Hz

Input current

AC 110 V:

approx. 30 mA

AC 230 V:

approx. 15 mA

DC 24 V:

approx. 50 mA

General Data

Operating mode:

Continuous operation

Temperature range:

- 20 ... + 55°C

Clearance and creepage distances

rated impuls voltage /
pollution degree:

4 kV / 2

IEC 60 664-1

EMC

Electrostatic discharge:

8 kV (air)

IEC/EN 61 000-4-2

HF-irradiation:

10 V / m

IEC/EN 61 000-4-3

Fast transients:

2 kV

IEC/EN 61 000-4-4

Surge voltages

between

wires for power supply:

1 kV

IEC/EN 61 000-4-5

between wire and ground:

2 kV

IEC/EN 61 000-4-5

HF-wire guided:

10 V

IEC/EN 61 000-4-6

Interference suppression:

Limit value class B

EN 55 011

Degree of protection

Housing:

IP 40

IEC/EN 60 529

Terminals:

IP 20

IEC/EN 60 529

Housing:

Thermoplast with V0-behaviour
according to UL subject 94

Vibration resistance:

amplitude 0.35 mm

frequency 10 ... 55 Hz, IEC/EN 60 068-2-6

20 / 055 / 04

IEC/EN 60 068-1

Climate resistance:

Terminal designation:

EN 50 005

Wire connection

Load terminals:

1 x 10 mm² solid or

1 x 6 mm² stranded ferruled

Control terminals:

1 x 4 mm² solid or

2 x 1.5 mm² stranded ferruled or

1 x 2.5 mm² stranded ferruled or

DIN 46 228-1/-2/-3/-4

Wire connection:

Box terminals with self-lifting
wire protection and plus-minus
terminal screws M3.5

Mounting:

DIN rail

IEC/EN 60 715

Weight:

430 g

Dimensions

Width x height x depth:

45 x 84 x 121 mm

Standard Type

BH 9098.90/001 3 AC 400 V AC 40 A

Article number:

• 3-phase, without auxiliary voltage

• Output:

analogue

• Nominal voltage U_N :

3 AC 400 V

• Width:

45 mm

Variants

BH 9098.90/1_ _:

3-phase without auxiliary voltage with galvanically separated current path. For applications with current transformers grounded on the secondary side, current range limited to 25 A

BH 9098.90/011:

3-phase with auxiliary voltage

BH 9098.90/000:

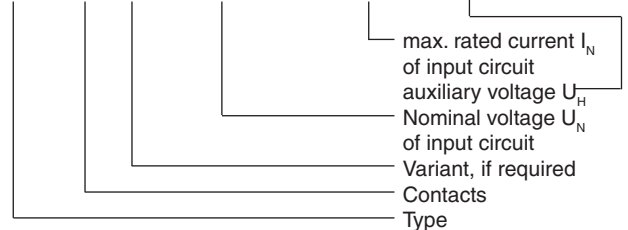
1-phase without auxiliary voltage

BH 9098.90/010:

1-phase with auxiliary voltage

Ordering example for variants

BH 9098 .90 /011 3 AC 100...760 V AC 40 A AC 230/110 V



Settings

Rotational switches P_1 and P_2 (2 digits) (calculation for resistive load) 48 kW

The switches are used to set the minimum and maximum load values P_1 and P_2 of the load characteristics. The scale shows the absolute value. On the 3-phase variant the max. possible power setting value is 52 kW (760 V x 40 A x 1.732). The setting resolution is 1 kW and the load range can be selected by DIP-switches. If the load range is reduced by factor 10 the setting resolution is 100 W.

Potentiometer t_a

A start-up delay can be adjusted between 0 ... 30 s.

After mains voltage is connected the start-up delay begins. During this time the measurement is disabled and the LED flashes (see indicators).

Independent of the settings the analogue output is on min. value.

DIP-switches:



x10 | x1



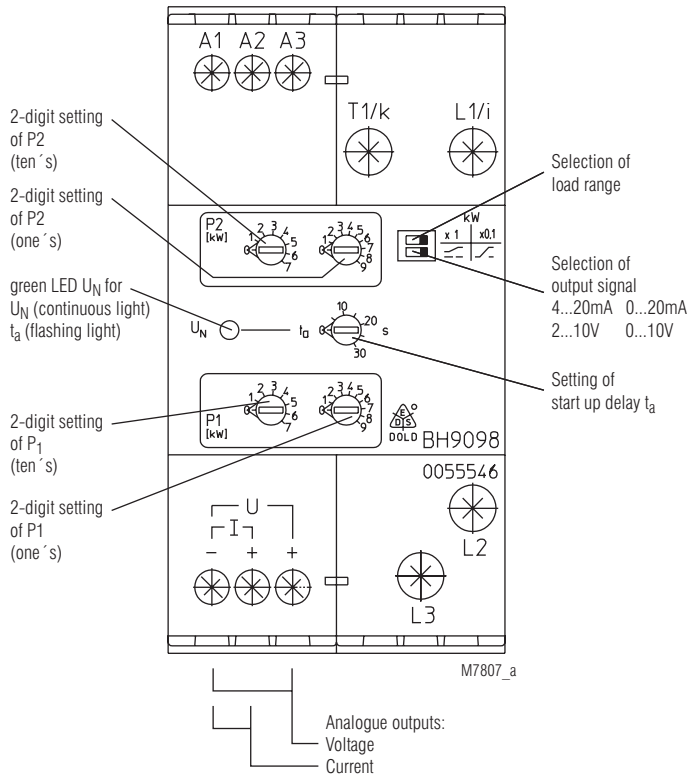
reduction of load range P_1 and P_2 by factor 10

Selection of output signal:

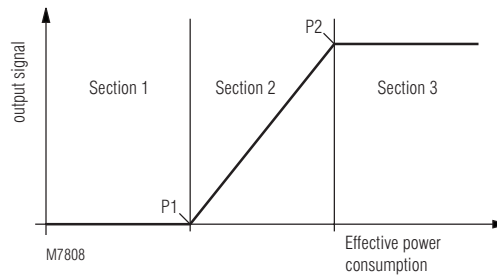
4 ... 20 mA	to	0 ... 20 mA
2 ... 10 V	to	0 ... 10 V

Connection

The connection has to be made according to the application drawings. The measuring current has to be connected to terminals L/i and T/k or L1/i and T1/k. The flow direction of the current must be correct. On reverse power the unit gives a failure indication. The maximum nominal motor current flowing directly through the load transmitter is 40 A. On higher current a current transformer with 2,5 VA burden capacity has to be used.



The load characteristic shows 3 sections:



Example 1

The smaller value is adjusted on P₁
The higher value is adjusted on P₂
Standard setting: positive characteristic

- If the effective power consumption of the load is in section 1 between 0 W and P₁ setting the analogue output signal is on minimum value.
- If the effective power consumption of the load is in section 2 between P₁ and P₂ setting the analogue output signal is proportional to the effective load following a **positive characteristic**.
- If the effective power consumption of the load is in section 3 between P₂ setting and P_{max} the analogue output signal is on maximum value.

Example 2

P₁ = 0 and P₂ = P_{max}

- Selection of the maximum possible load range span.
The whole load range of the unit is converted into a proportional output signal. Section 1 and 3 are missing.

Example 3

P₁ = P₂

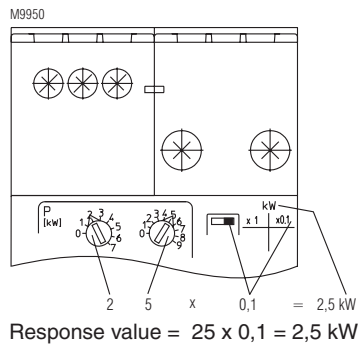
- If the **same** value is adjusted for P₁ and P₂ section 2 is missing, i.e. the output signal is either on minimum or maximum value. The unit works as limit switch.

Example 4

On P₁ the higher value is adjusted.
On P₂ the lower value is adjusted.

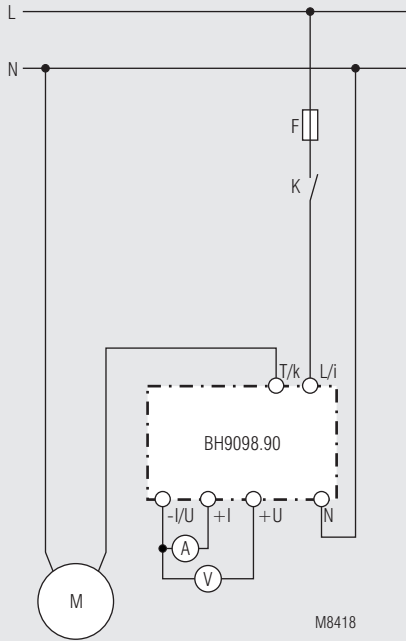
- Inverted output, negative characteristic

Adjustment example: response value: 2,5 kW



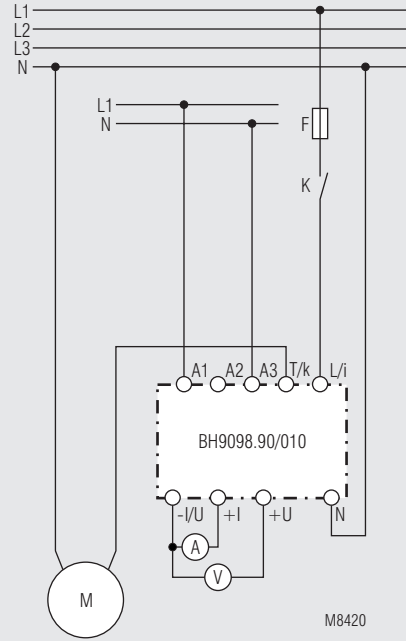
Connection Example

1-phase



BH 9098.90

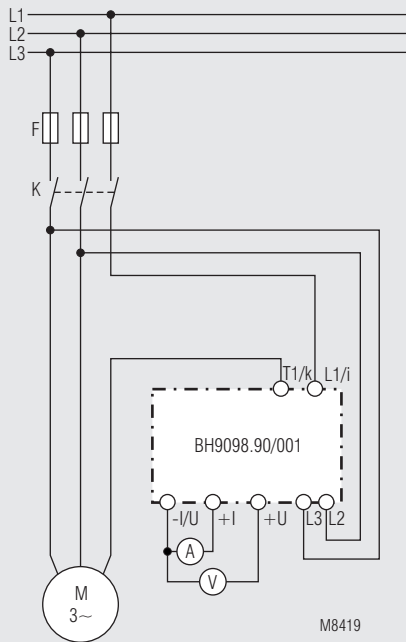
M8418



BH 9098.90/010

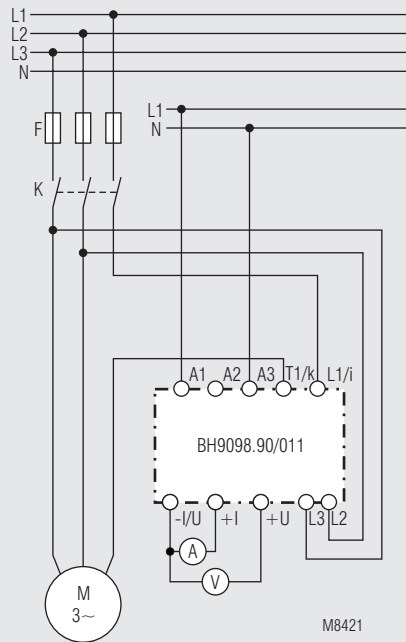
M8420

3-phase



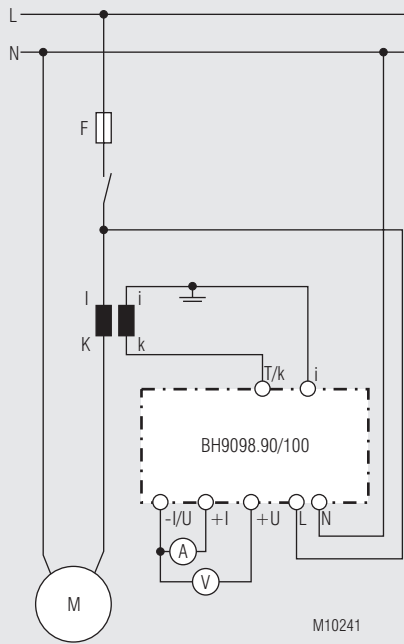
BH 9098.90/001

M8419



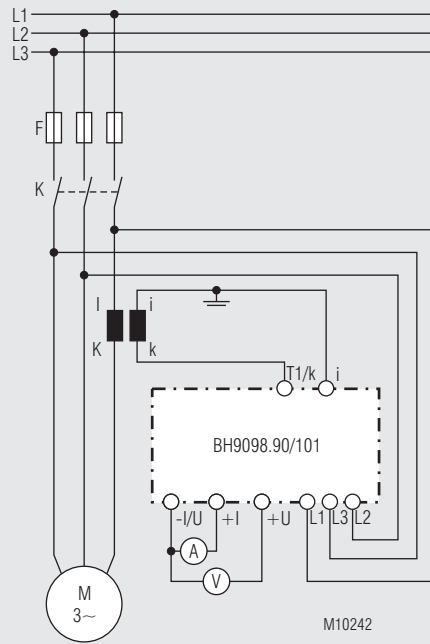
BH 9098.90/011

M8421



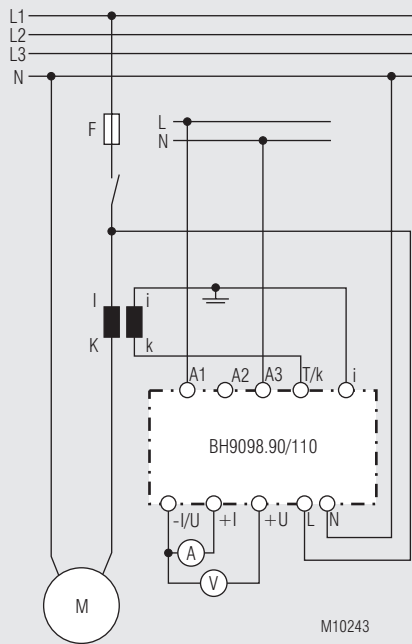
BH 9098.90/100

M10241



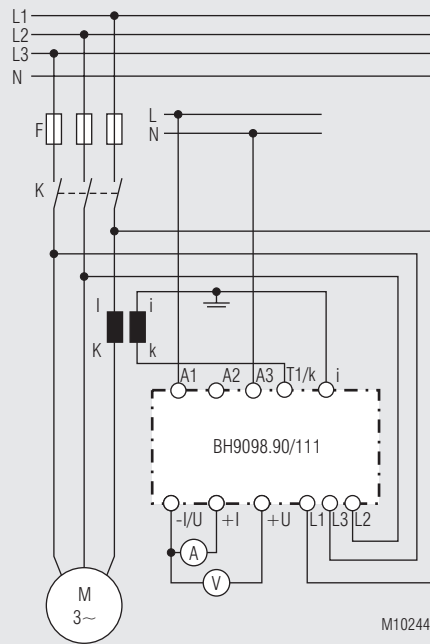
BH 9098.90/101

M10242



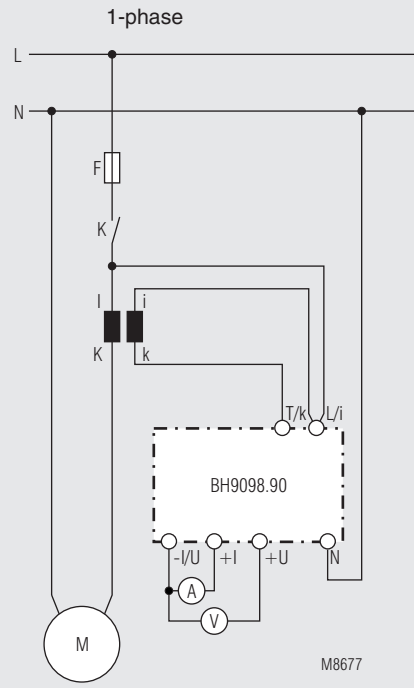
BH 9098.90/110

M10243

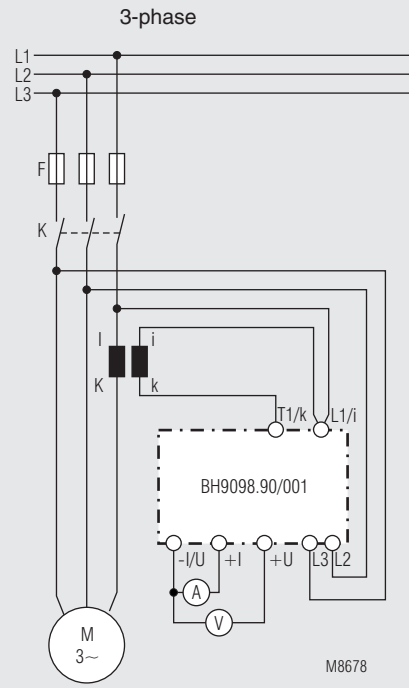


BH 9098.90/111

M10244



BH 9098.90



BH 9098.90/001

Note: When using external CTs the adjusted value has to be multiplied with the transmission ratio (\ddot{u}) of the CT.

Example: Switching value = Setting value (P1/P2) $\times \ddot{u}$ e.g. for 100/5A C/T $\ddot{u}=20$ (100 divided by 5)

